

What is the medical term for the shoulder blade

- A. Humerus
- B. Femur
- C. Clavicle
- D. Scapula

How many bones make up the shoulder girdle

- A. 8
- B. 6
- C. 4
- D. 2

What is the largest bone in the shoulder girdle

- A. Radius
- B. Clavicle
- C. Scapula
- D. Humerus

Which bone articulates with the humerus to form the shoulder joint

- A. Tibia
- B. Scapula
- C. Femur
- D. Radius

What is the common name for the clavicle

- A. Sternum

- B. Shoulder blade
- C. Collarbone
- D. Scapula

What is the function of the shoulder girdle

- A. The function of the shoulder girdle is to pump blood throughout the body
- B. The function of the shoulder girdle is to regulate body temperature
- C. The function of the shoulder girdle is to help digest food
- D. The function of the shoulder girdle is to provide mobility and stability to the shoulder joint, allowing for a wide range of motion.

Which bone is commonly known as the collarbone

- A. Clavicle
- B. Femur
- C. Scapula
- D. Tibia

What is the purpose of the acromion process

- A. To provide a smooth surface for shoulder movement
- B. To provide attachment for muscles and ligaments of the shoulder
- C. To protect the shoulder joint
- D. To store calcium for bone growth

Which bone in the shoulder girdle is commonly fractured when falling on an outstret

- A. Radius
- B. Scapula
- C. Clavicle

- D. Humerus

What is the function of the coracoid process

- A. Attachment site for muscles and ligaments
- B. Storage of nutrients
- C. Facilitates blood flow
- D. Helps with digestion

Which bone in the shoulder girdle is triangular in shape

- A. Humerus
- B. Clavicle
- C. Sternum
- D. Scapula

What is the medical term for the shoulder socket

- A. Glenoid
- B. Clavicle
- C. Humerus
- D. Scapula

What is the primary joint in the shoulder girdle

- A. Hip joint
- B. Elbow joint
- C. Glenohumeral joint
- D. Knee joint

What is the function of the scapula in the shoulder girdle

- A. The function of the scapula in the shoulder girdle is to store nutrients for the body.
- B. The function of the scapula in the shoulder girdle is to produce hormones for the body.
- C. The function of the scapula in the shoulder girdle is to regulate body temperature.
- D. The function of the scapula in the shoulder girdle is to provide a stable base for arm movement and to allow the arm to move in multiple directions.

Which bone in the shoulder girdle is commonly referred to as the shoulder blade

- A. Clavicle
- B. Radius
- C. Scapula
- D. Humerus

What is the name of the joint that connects the clavicle to the scapula

- A. Glenohumeral joint
- B. Carpometacarpal joint
- C. Acromioclavicular joint
- D. Sternoclavicular joint

What is the purpose of the supraspinatus fossa on the scapula

- A. Storage space for excess nutrients
- B. Attachment site for the supraspinatus muscle
- C. Regulation of blood flow
- D. Protection of the spinal cord

What is the function of the infraspinatus fossa on the scapula

- A. It is a storage space for excess calcium deposits in the shoulder.
- B. It is a sensory receptor for detecting temperature changes in the surrounding environment.

- C. It serves as the site of attachment for the infraspinatus muscle.
- D. It houses a major blood vessel that supplies the scapula.

Which bone in the shoulder girdle is commonly referred to as the shoulder joint

- A. Clavicle
- B. Sternum
- C. Scapula
- D. Humerus

What is the purpose of the glenoid cavity on the scapula

- A. To protect the spinal cord
- B. To provide attachment for muscles and ligaments
- C. It is the site of articulation with the head of the humerus to form the shoulder joint
- D. To store nutrients for the bone

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